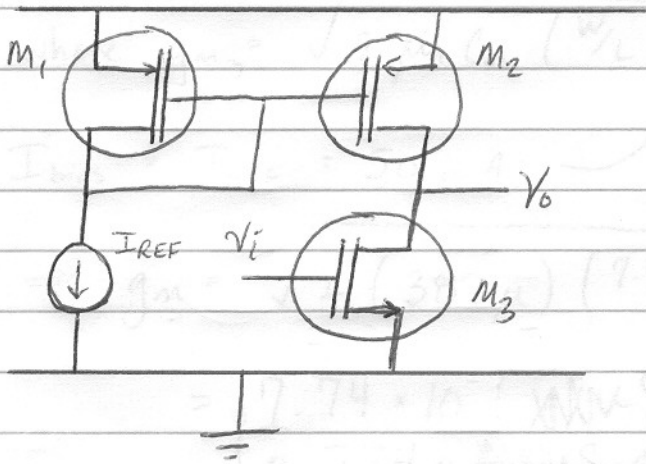
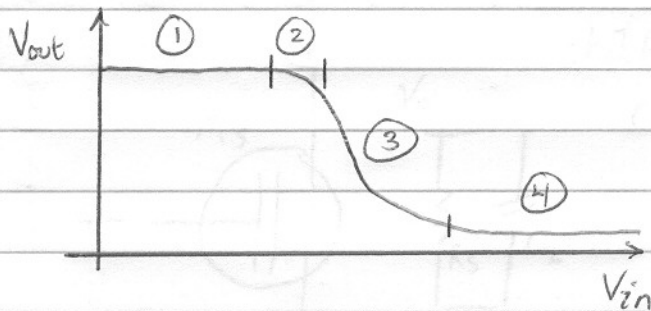


Q5 CMOS Amplifier



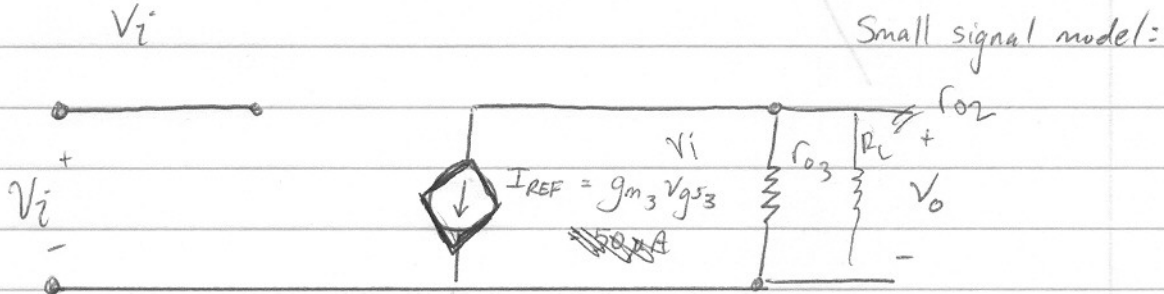
(a) Sketch  $V_i - V_o$  voltage tr. char.



- ①  $M_3$  is off /  $M_2$  is linear
- ②  $M_3$  is sat. /  $M_2$  is linear
- ③  $M_3$  is sat. /  $M_2$  is sat.
- ④  $M_3$  is linear /  $M_2$  is sat.

(b) S.S. Voltage gain ( $A_v$ ) and o/p res. ( $r_o$ )

$A_v = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = ?$        $r_o = ?$



$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = -g_{m3} (r_{o3})$$

How to calc.  $r_{o3}$  ???

where  $g_{m3} = \sqrt{2 \mu_n C_{ox} (W/L) I_{bias}}$

$I_{bias} = I_{REF} = 50 \mu A$

$\Rightarrow g_m = \sqrt{2 (387 \mu) (7.2/0.36) (50 \mu)}$

MISTAKE ✓

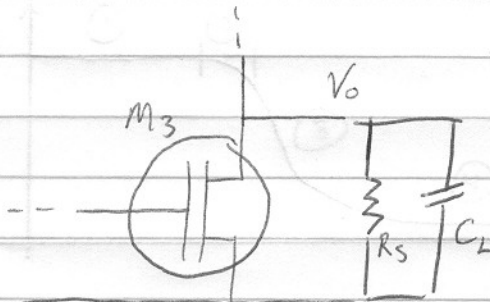
$= \sqrt{7.74 \times 10^{-7}}$

$= \sqrt{774 \text{ n}} \leftarrow 880 \mu S$

$= 880 \mu S$

VERIFIED BY PROF. KENNEDY

(c)



sketch Freq. response?

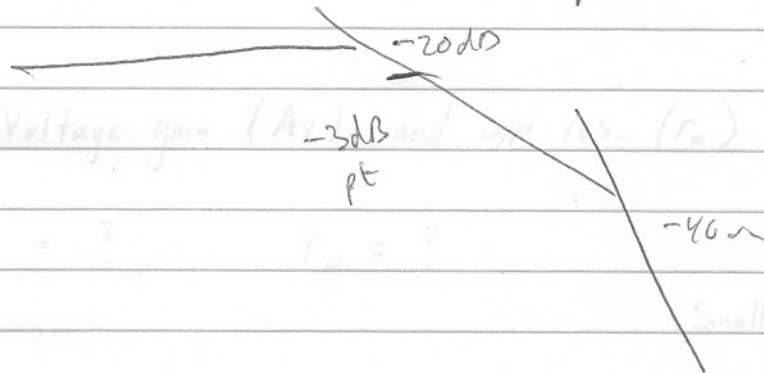
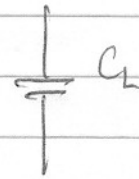
Calc. -3dB freq.  $f_H$ ?

①  $M_3$  is off /  $M_2$  is linear

②  $M_3$  is sat /  $M_2$  is linear

③  $M_3$  is sat /  $M_2$  is sat

④  $M_3$  is linear /  $M_2$  is sat



(b) S.S. Voltage gain  $(A_v)$  and  $r_{o3}$

$A_v = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = ?$

$r_{o3} = ?$

Small signal model:

